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Supporting Information

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Impact of Band-gap Gradient in Semi-Transparent and Bifacial Ultra-Thin Cu(In,Ga)Se₂ Solar Cells

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Supporting Information

Impact of Band Gradient in Semi-transparent and Bifacial Ultra-thin Cu(In,Ga)Se₂ Solar Cells

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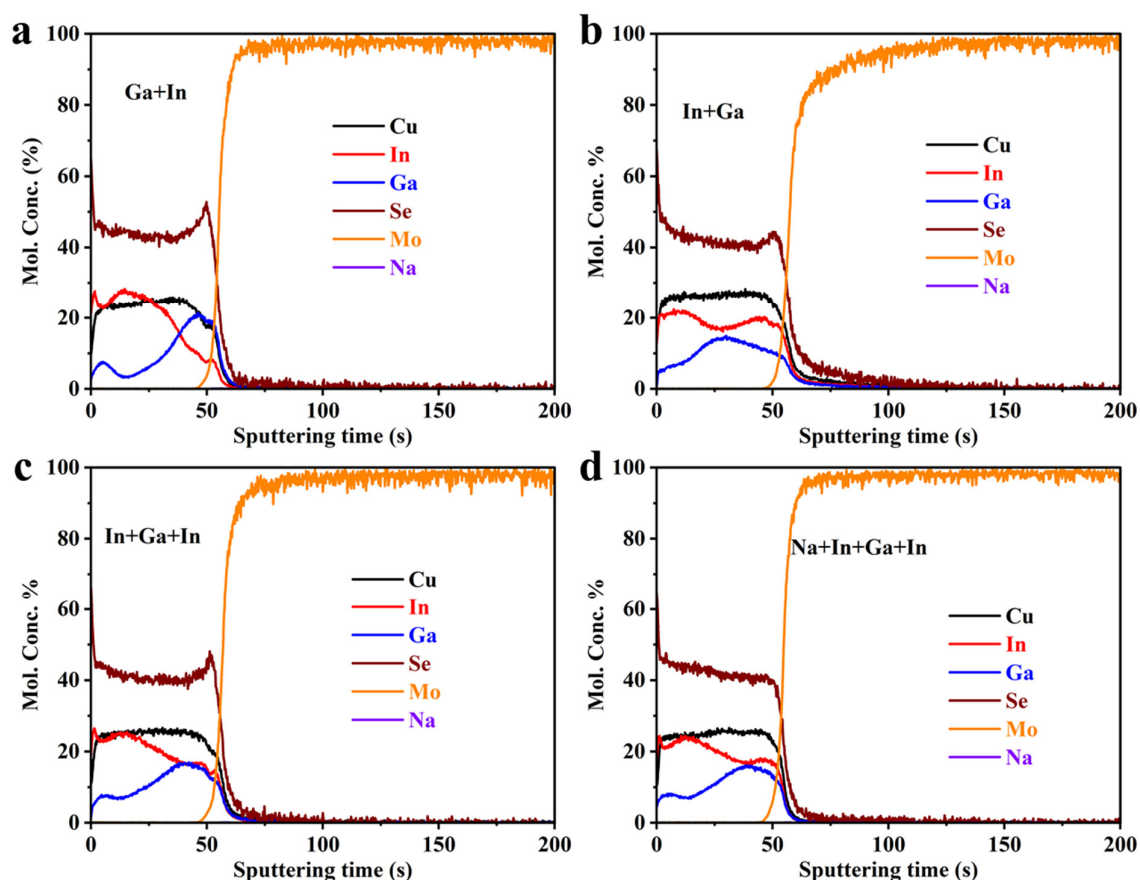


Figure S1. Composition depth profiles of CIGSe absorbers on Mo back contact with various deposition strategies in the first stage as measured by GD-OES. (a) Ga+In CIGSe, (b) In+Ga CIGSe, (c) In+Ga+In CIGSe, and (d) Na+In+Ga+In CIGSe. All these measurements were carried out after removing the excess Na by etching in 10% HCl solution for 2 min.

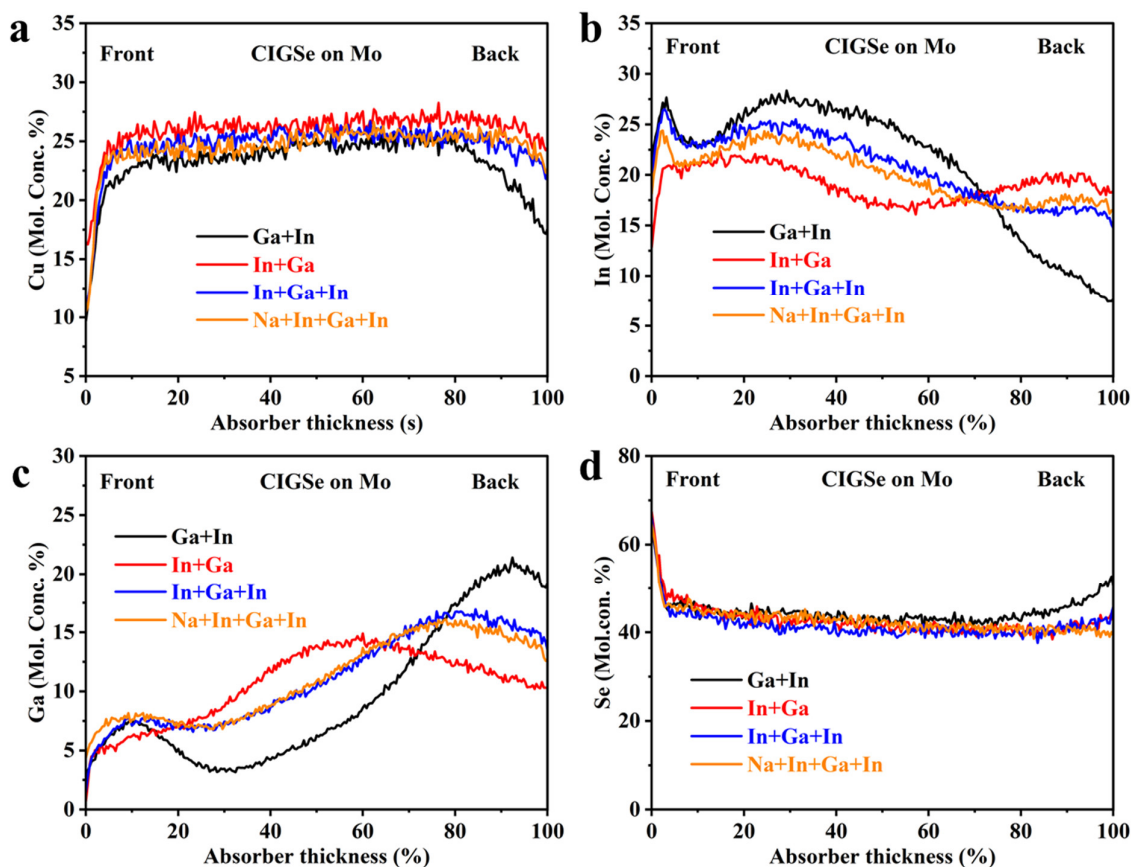


Figure S2. Elemental distribution of CIGSe absorbers on Mo back contact with various deposition strategies in the first stage as measured by GD-OES. (a) Cu, (b) In, (c) Ga, and (d) Se. The x-axis is normalized to 100% absorber thickness.

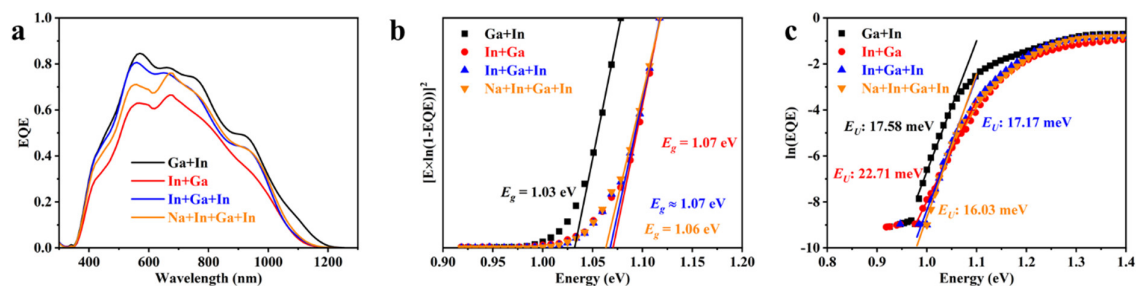


Figure S3. (a) External quantum efficiency, (b) bandgap extraction, (c) $\ln(EQE)$ as a function of photon energy at the long-wavelength edge to determine the Urbach energy E_U for the best-performing devices.

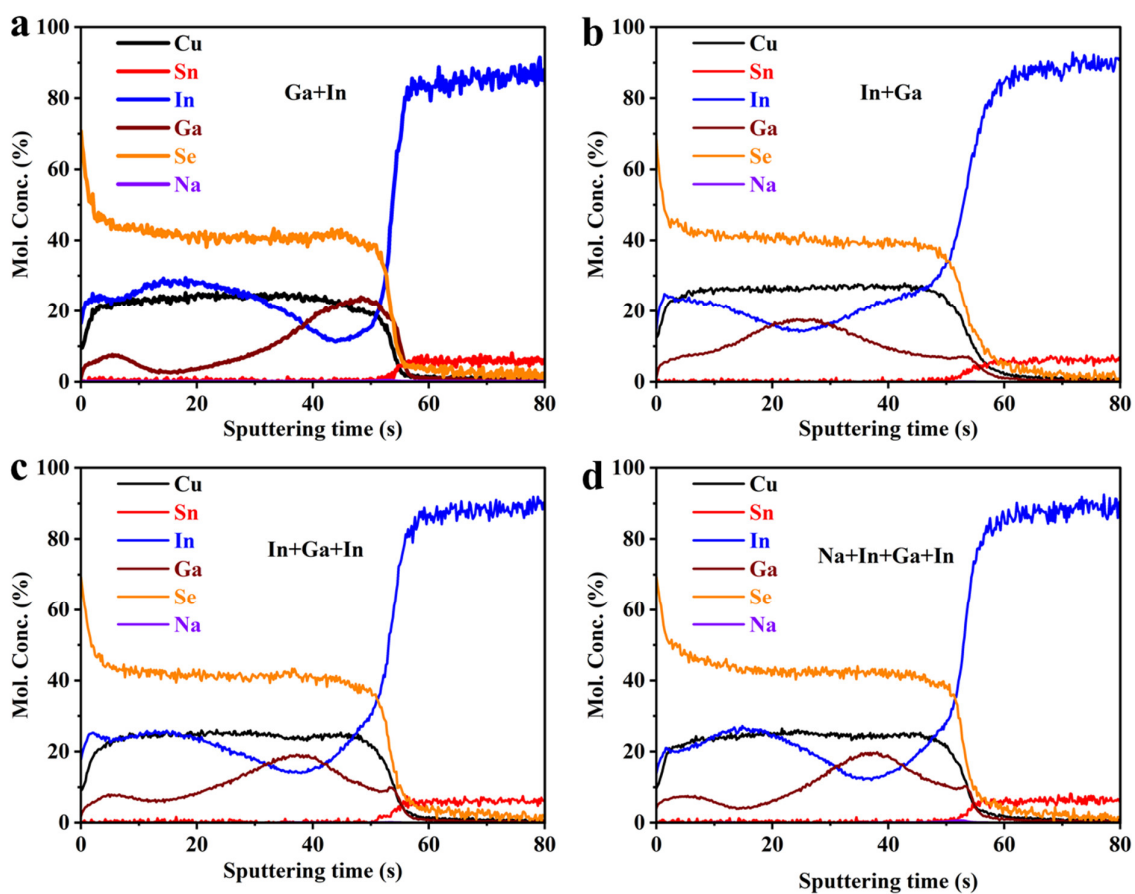


Figure S4. Composition depth profiles of CIGSe absorbers on ITO back contact with various deposition strategies in the first stage as measured by GD-OES. (a) Ga+In CIGSe, (b) In+Ga CIGSe, (c) In+Ga+In CIGSe, and (d) Na+In+Ga+In CIGSe. All these measurements were carried out after removing the excess Na by etching in 10% HCl solution for 2 min.

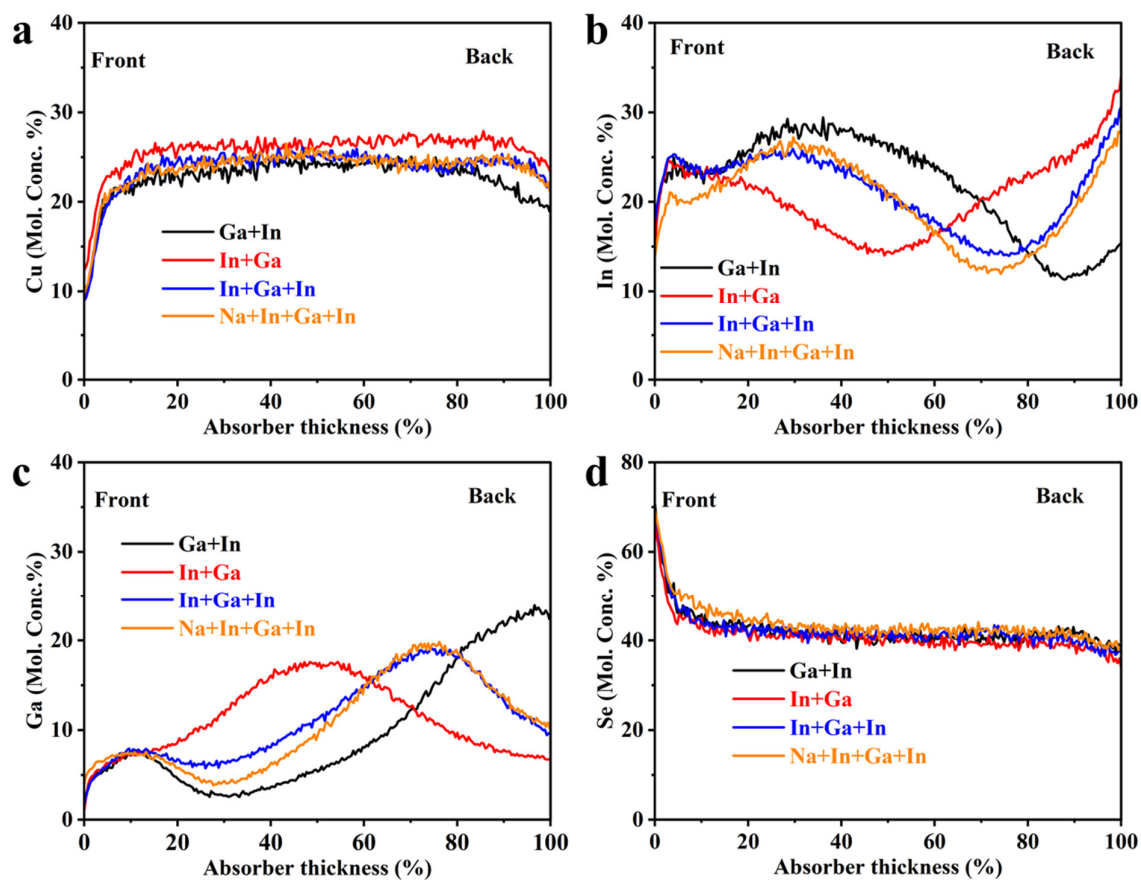


Figure S5. Elemental distribution of CIGSe absorbers on ITO back contact with various deposition strategies in the first stage as measured by GD-OES. (a) Cu, (b) In, (c) Ga, and (d) Se. The x-axis is normalized to 100% absorber thickness.

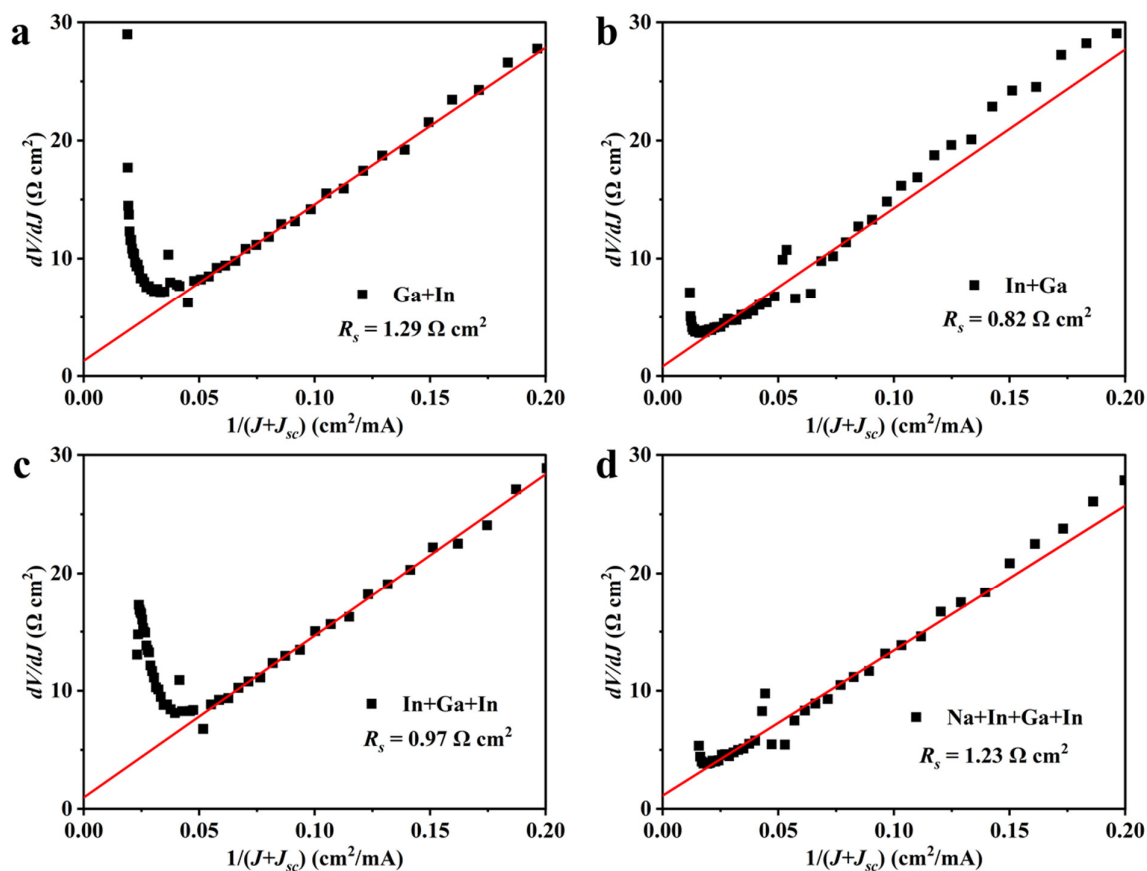


Figure S6. Determination of series resistance (R_s) for ultra-thin CIGSe absorbers deposited on ITO back contact with various deposition strategies in the first stage.

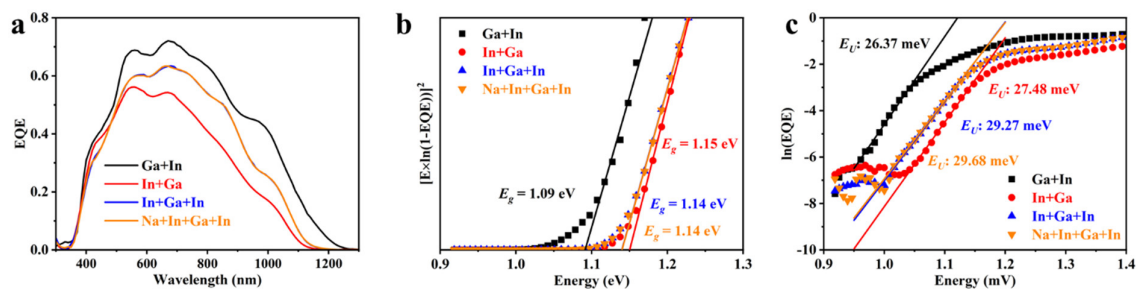


Figure S7. (a) External quantum efficiency, (b) bandgap extraction, and (c) $\ln(\text{EQE})$ as a function of photon energy at the long-wavelength edge to determine the Urbach energy E_U for the best-performing devices.

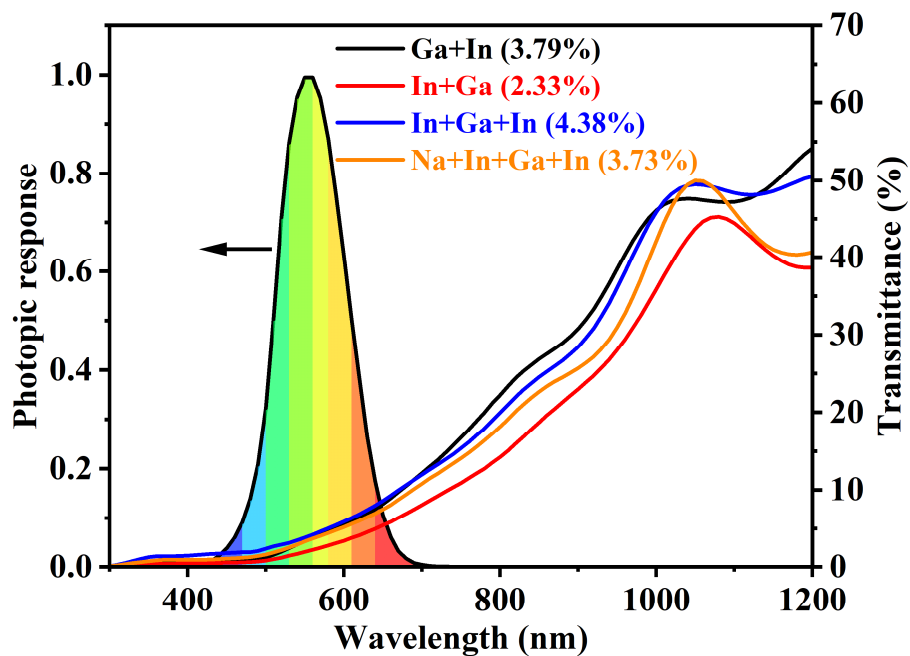


Figure S8. The photopic response curve of the human eye and transmittance profiles for the semitransparent ultra-thin CIGSe devices with various deposition strategies in the first stage (average visible transmittances for each device in the spectral range of 380-770 nm are enclosed in the brackets).