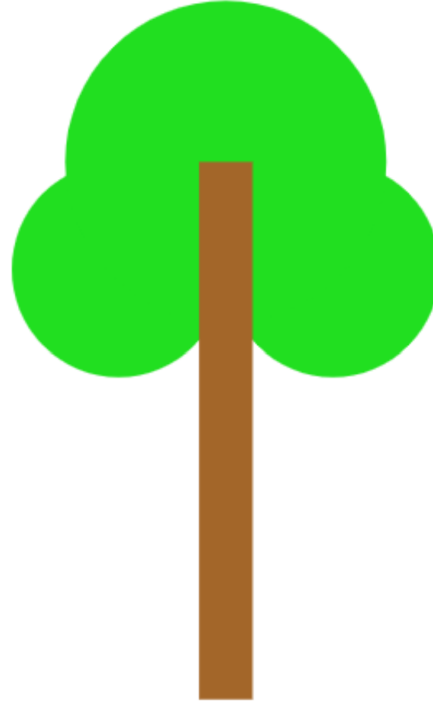
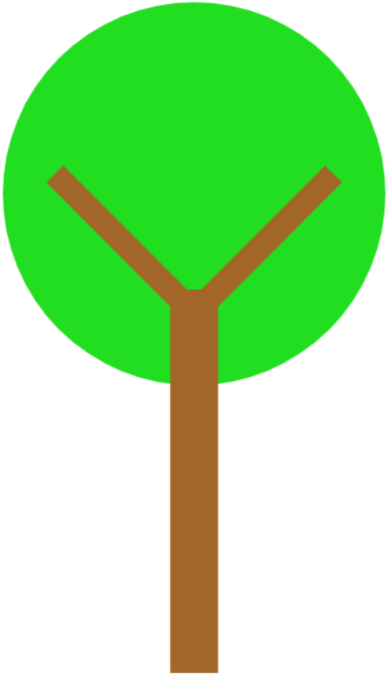


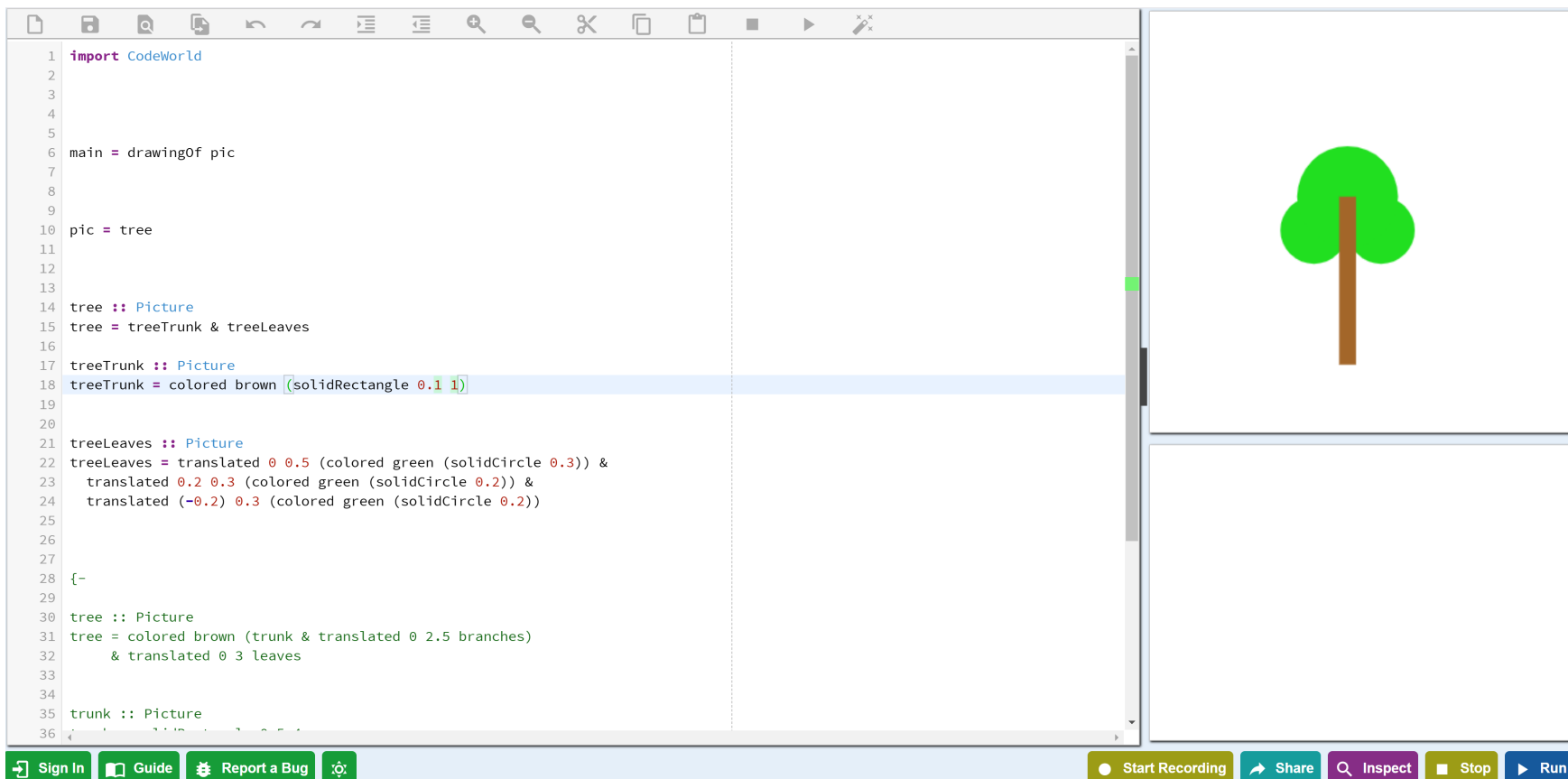
Automated Grading of CodeWorld Exercises

In Practice

Motivation



Motivation



The screenshot displays the CodeWorld development environment. The left pane contains a Haskell-like code editor with the following content:

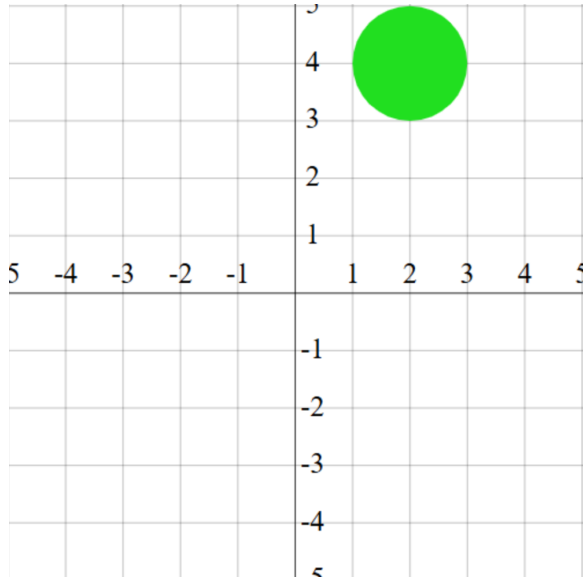
```
1 import CodeWorld
2
3
4
5
6 main = drawingOf pic
7
8
9
10 pic = tree
11
12
13
14 tree :: Picture
15 tree = treeTrunk & treeLeaves
16
17 treeTrunk :: Picture
18 treeTrunk = colored brown (solidRectangle 0.1 1)
19
20
21 treeLeaves :: Picture
22 treeLeaves = translated 0 0.5 (colored green (solidCircle 0.3)) &
23   translated 0.2 0.3 (colored green (solidCircle 0.2)) &
24   translated (-0.2) 0.3 (colored green (solidCircle 0.2))
25
26
27 {-
28
29
30 tree :: Picture
31 tree = colored brown (trunk & translated 0 2.5 branches)
32   & translated 0 3 leaves
33
34
35 trunk :: Picture
36
```

The right pane shows the visual output of the code, which is a simple drawing of a tree. The tree has a brown trunk and three green circular leaves. The trunk is a vertical rectangle, and the leaves are three circles of different sizes and positions, all colored green. The entire drawing is set against a white background.

At the bottom of the interface, there is a navigation bar with buttons for "Sign In", "Guide", "Report a Bug", and "Start Recording". To the right of these are buttons for "Share", "Inspect", "Stop", and "Run".

Quick Review

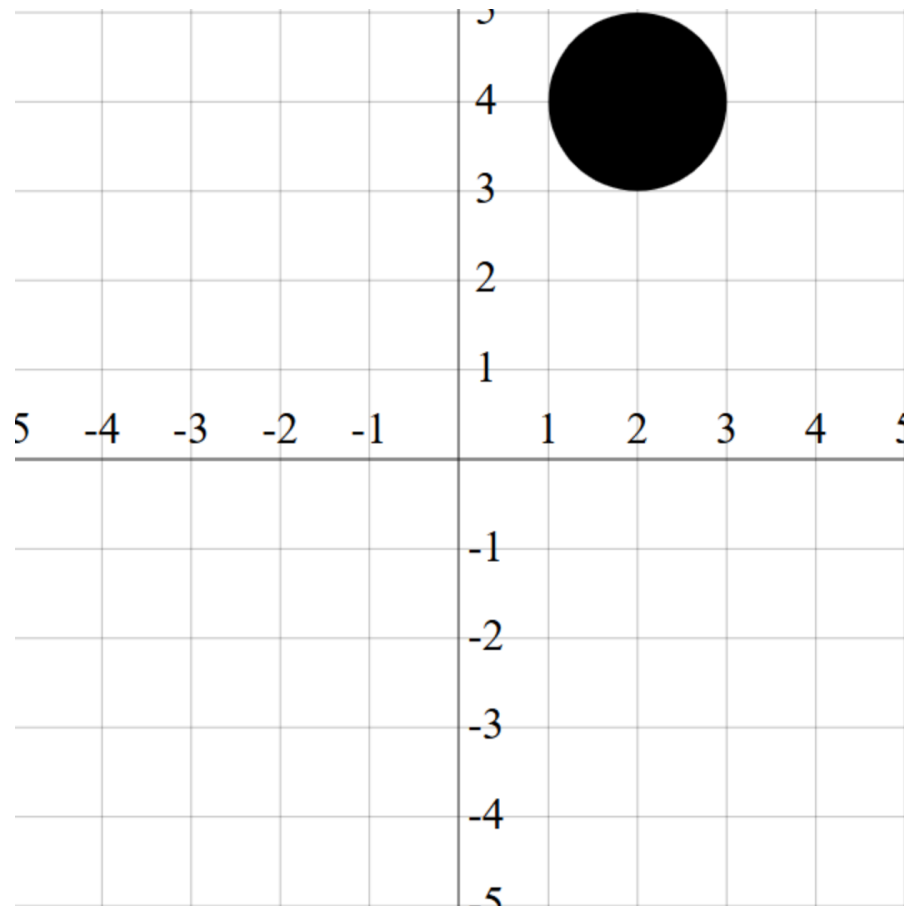
Generated ASTs



translated 2 4 (colored green (solidCircle 1))

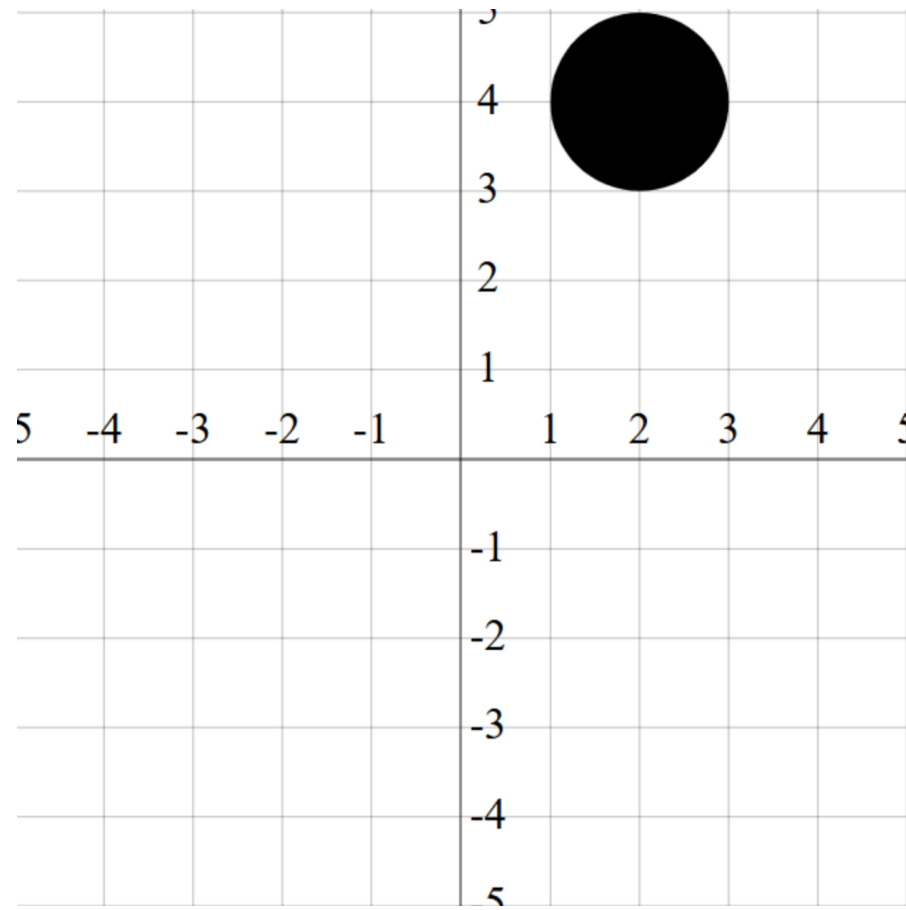
Translate 2 4 (Color green (SolidCircle 1))

Abstraction



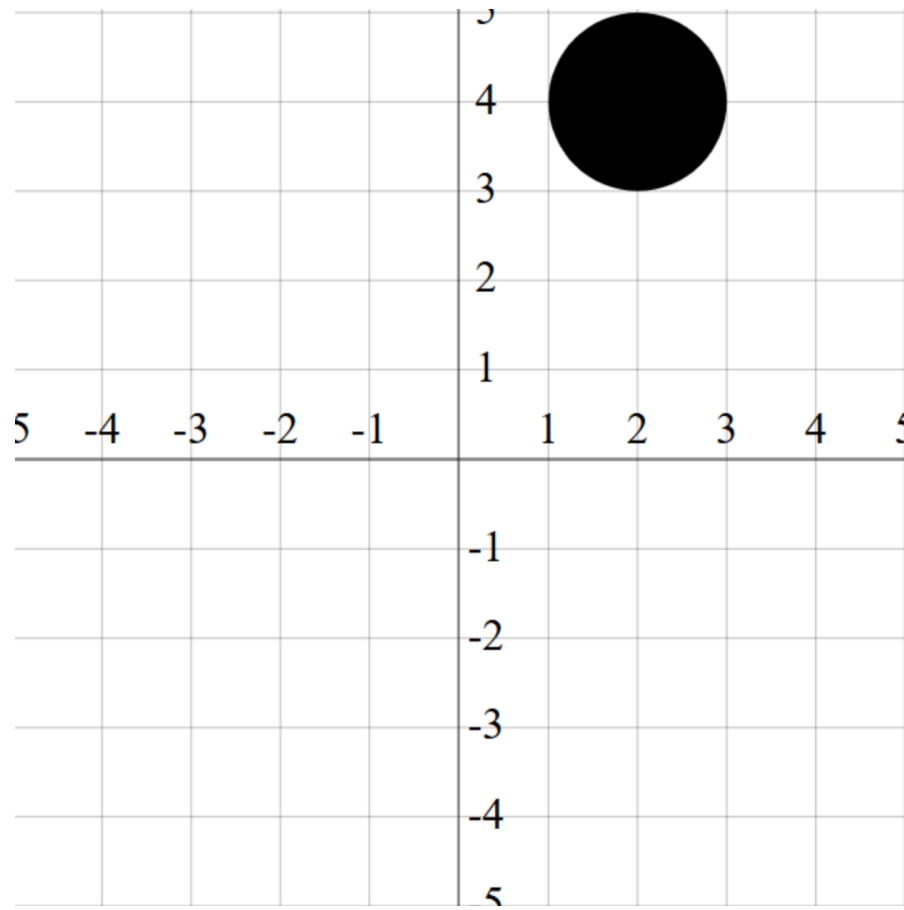
main = drawingOf (translated 2 4 (circle 2))

Abstraction



Translate Pos Pos (Circle Size)

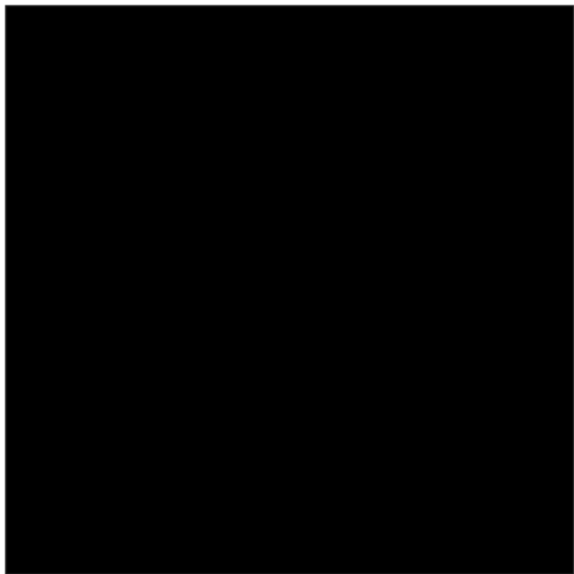
Abstraction



“Circle of arbitrary size moved to upper right”

Different ways to draw the same Picture

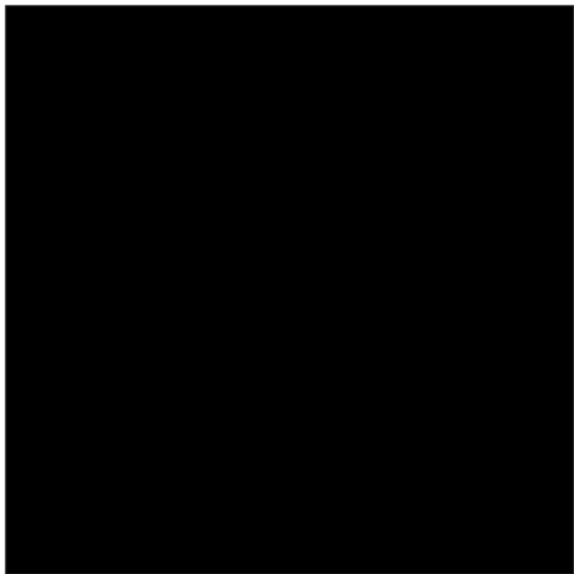
solidRectangle 1 1



solidPolygon [(0.5,0.5)
 , (0.5,-0.5)
 , (-0.5,-0.5)
 , (-0.5,0.5)
]

Different ways to draw the same Picture

solidRectangle 1 1



solidPolygon [(0.5,0.5)
 , (0.5,-0.5)
 , (-0.5,-0.5)
 , (-0.5,0.5)
]

Different ASTs, same picture

Spatial Representation



translated 0 3 (colored yellow (solidCircle 1)) & colored green (solidRectangle 10 1)

Spatial Representation



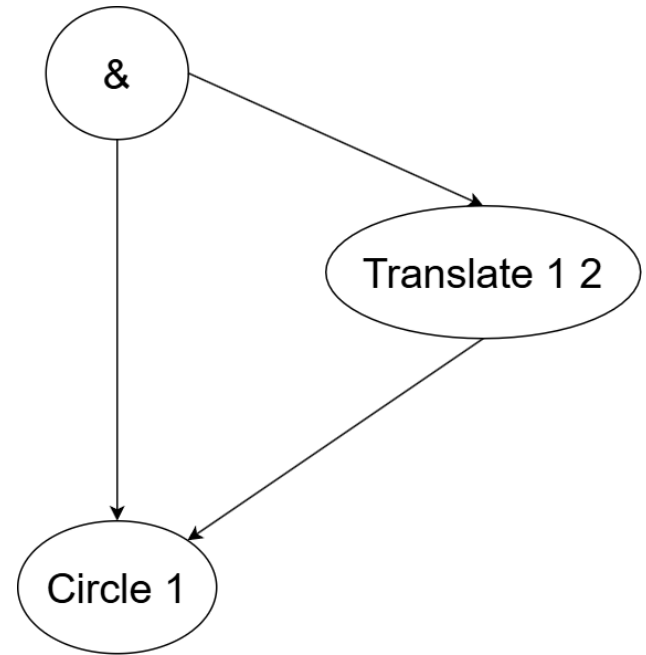
“A yellow circle above a green rectangle”

Spatial Representation



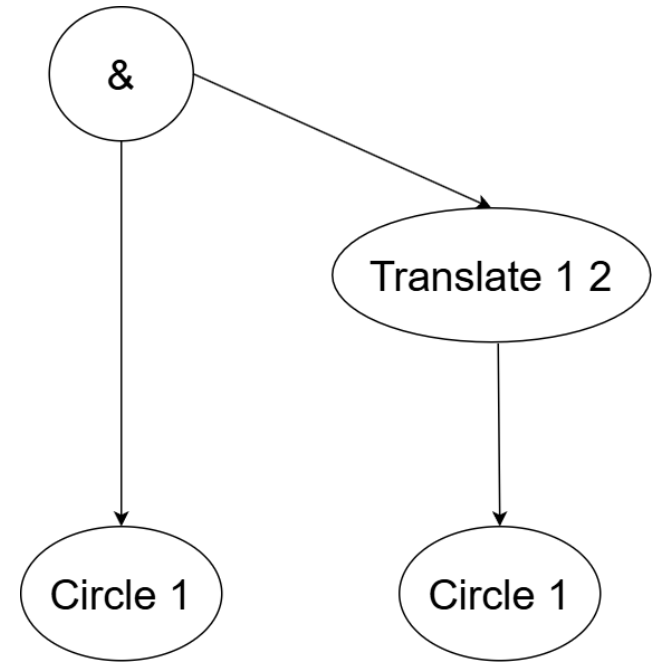
*Color yellow (SolidCircle Size) **isNorthOf** Color green (SolidRectangle Size Size)*

Reify



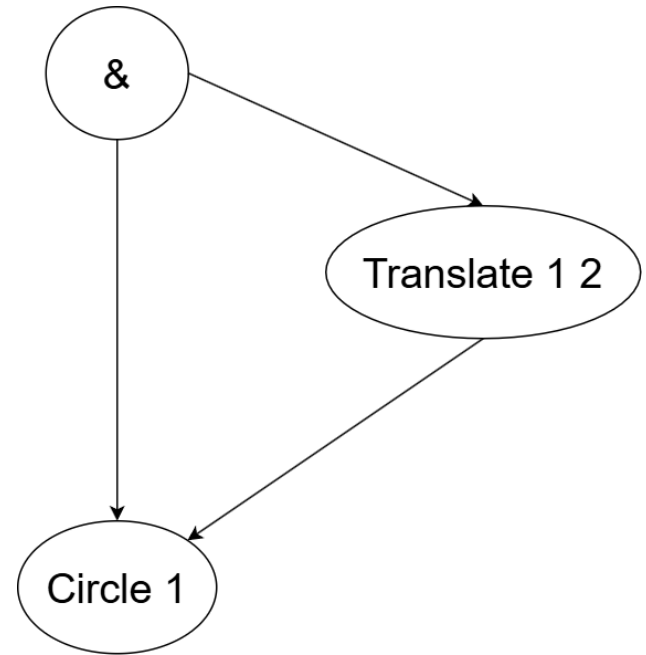
let c = circle 1 in c & translated 1 2 c

Reify



circle 1 & translated 1 2 (circle 1)

Hashcons



let c = circle 1 in c & translated 1 2 c

circle 1 & translated 1 2 (circle 1)

Summary of Last Talk

Comparing ASTs

- **Abstraction**
- **Normalization**
- **Relative Position**

Unsolved Problems

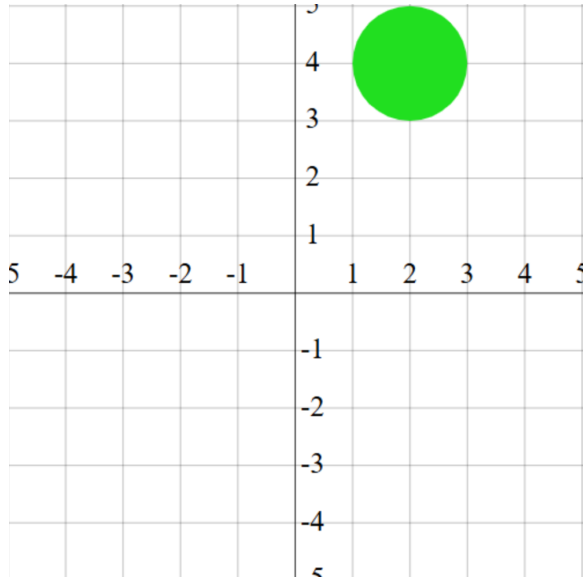
- **Spatial overlap**
- **Solution Spec**
- **Animations**

CSE detection

- **Graph representation**
- **Detect missed sharing opportunities**

Common Tests

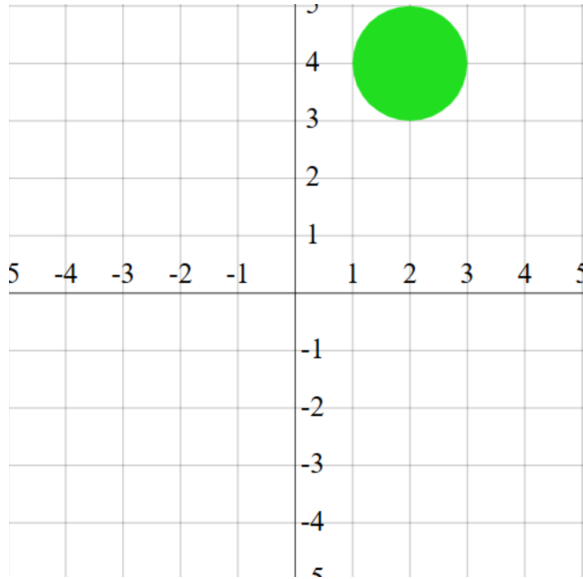
Equal reduced trees



translated 2 4 (colored green (solidCircle 1))

colored green (translated 2 4 (solidCircle 1))

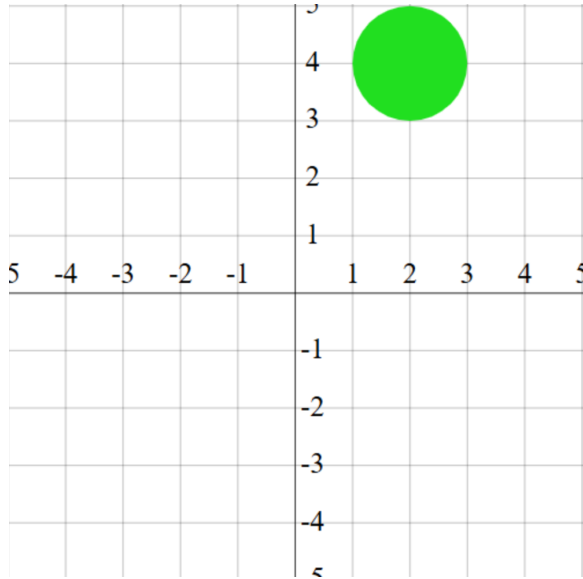
Equal reduced trees



translated 2 4 (colored green (solidCircle 1))

translated 2 4 (colored green (rotated x (solidCircle 1)))

Equal reduced trees



translated 2 4 (colored green (solidCircle 1))

translated 2 0 (translated 0 4 (colored green (solidCircle 1)))

Traversal

- **Most problems can only be solved in a handful of ways**
- **Traverse the un-normalised tree to check some property**
- **Works even if trees are different**

Traversal Example

Traversal Example

NOT WHAT WE WANT!

Equal reduced trees



NOT WHAT WE WANT!

```
moonRotation :: Picture -> Maybe Double
moonRotation p
  | p == Task08.moon = Just 0
  | otherwise = case p of
    Rotate a q  -> (+a) <$> moonRotation q
    Pictures ps  -> maximum $ map moonRotation ps
    And p1 p2    -> moonRotation $ Pictures [p1,p2]
    q            -> if hasInnerPicture q
                     then moonRotation (innerPicture q)
                     else Nothing
```

Queries on Normalised Trees

- Equality does not allow for more sophisticated checks
- Retrieve syntax tree's non-picture arguments
- Carry out tests on the results

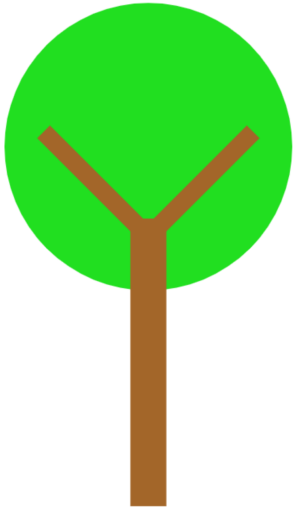
Queries on Normalised Syntax Tree

```
let
  usedColors = mapMaybe getColor sceneEggs
  sceneEggs = findAll isEgg $ getComponents Task07.scene
in
  length (nubOrd usedColors) >= 6 ~?
  "There is at least 6 differently colored eggs?"
```

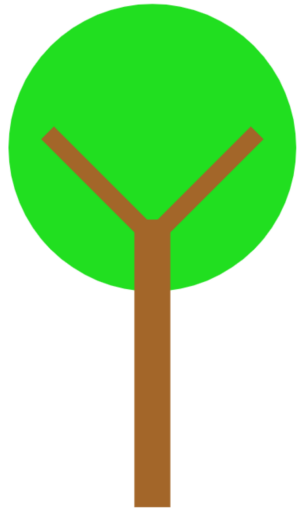


Spatial Queries

```
onScene (hasExactly $ colored green someSolidCircle `northOf` uprightWood) ~?  
"The trunk stands upright and there is a tree crown above it?"
```



Spatial Queries



```
onScene (hasExactly $ colored green someSolidCircle `northOf` uprightWood) ~?  
"The trunk stands upright and there is a tree crown above it?"
```

```
onSceneMulti  
[ hasBroadly $ rotatedQuarter uprightWood `isAbove` uprightWood  
  , hasBroadly $ rotatedUpToFull uprightWood `isAbove` uprightWood  
  , hasBroadly $ rotatedQuarter uprightWood `isLeftOf` rotatedUpToFull uprightWood  
  ] ~?  
"Branches are in the correct position? " ++  
"(They should neither cross, nor be detached from the trunk, nor be at level with the trunk)"
```

How to Test Animations?

- Sample animation function at set of discrete points
- Do the same as before but with quantifiers
- Problem: need to decide on a “good” sampling frequency

Code Inspection

Outline

- **Parse source code as syntax tree**
- **Inspect tree for function use, structure, language features**
- **Reject immediately on task constraint violations**

Required functions



Required functions



```
TestCase $ syntaxCheck $ \m -> assertBool
  ( "The sun and moon are not exhibiting circular movement. " ++
    "Please make sure they are not following a parabola shape or other different motions."
  ) $
  any (\name -> contains (ident name) m) ["sin", "cos", "rotated"]
```

Structure

```
scene :: Double -> Picture
scene t = grass &
    if t < pi
    then rotated (-t) (translated (-6) 0 sun)
    else blank
where
    grass = colored green (solidRectangle 20 2)
    sun = colored yellow (solidCircle 1)
```

Structure

```
scene :: Double -> Picture
scene t
  | t < pi = grass &
              rotated (-t) (translated (-6) 0 sun)
  | otherwise = scene t
where
  grass = colored green (solidRectangle 20 2)
  sun = colored yellow (solidCircle 1)
```

Structure

```
sum :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum =
  divideAndConquer
  undefined
  -- the predicate to test whether an input is simple enough,
  -- should be of type [Integer] -> Bool here
  undefined
  -- the function to compute the output directly for simple cases,
  -- should be of type [Integer] -> Integer here
  undefined
  -- the function to split a non-simple input into two smaller ones,
  -- should be of type [Integer] -> ([Integer], [Integer]) here
  undefined
  -- the function to combine the outputs of two subcomputations,
  -- should be of type Integer -> Integer -> Integer here
```

Structure

```
sum :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum =
  divideAndConquer
  undefined
  -- the predicate to test whether an input is simple enough,
  -- should be of type [Integer] -> Bool here
  sum
  -- the function to compute the output directly for simple cases,
  -- should be of type [Integer] -> Integer here
  undefined
  -- the function to split a non-simple input into two smaller ones,
  -- should be of type [Integer] -> ([Integer], [Integer]) here
  undefined
  -- the function to combine the outputs of two subcomputations,
  -- should be of type Integer -> Integer -> Integer here
```

Disallowed/Enforced Features

- Task explicitly states the use of some language feature is required
- Students just ignore the constraint
- Solution: Look for corresponding constructor in program's syntax tree

Issues

Sampling Phase

- Sampling could overlap with submission's period
- We might miss what we are looking for
- Solution: use some irregular pattern for selecting samples

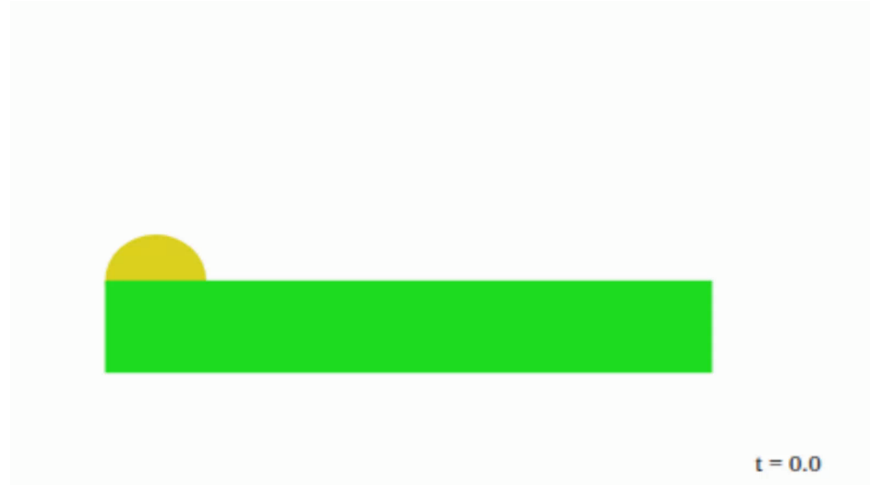
Sampling Frequency Speed



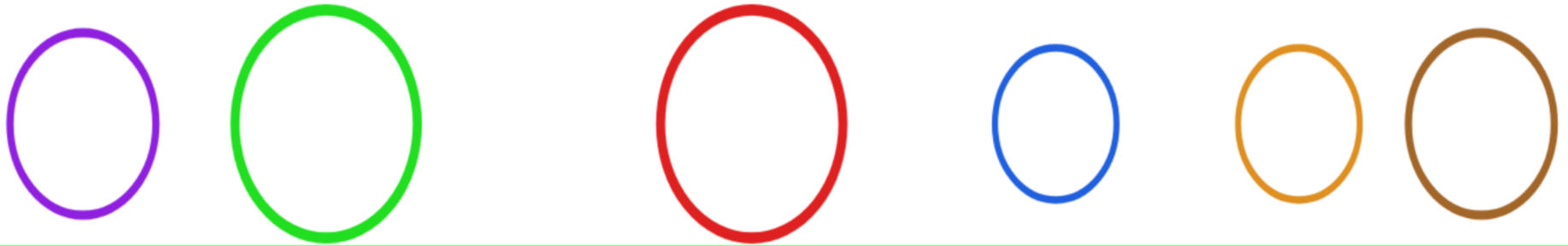
Ad Hoc Additions

- **Correct submission is not accepted for unknown reasons**
- **Add another rule to normalization**
- **... Update library and re-deploy**

False Positives



CSE Output



CSE Output

```
scene :: Picture
scene = translated 0 (-3) (colored green (solidRectangle 20 3)) &
      pictures [ colored f (dilated d (translated x 0 egg))
                | (x, d, f) <- [ (-9, 1, green)
                                , (5, 1.2, red)
                                , (-5, 0.5, blue)
                                , (-4.5, 0.9, grey)
                                , (-2.5, 0.3, black)
                                , (9, 1, yellow)
                                , (3, 0.2, orange)
                                , (5, 0.2, light red)
                                , (7, 0.1, light blue)
                                , (9, 0.3, light green)
                                ]
              ]

where
  egg :: Picture
  egg = scaled 1 1.25 (colored grey (thickCircle 0.2 1))
```

CSE Output

```
let
  aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle = scaled 1.0 1.25 (colored grey (thickCircle 0.2 1.0))
in
  translated 0.0 (-3.0) (colored green (solidRectangle 20.0 3.0)) &
  pictures
    [ colored green (dilated 1.0 (translated (-9.0) 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored red (dilated 1.2 (translated 5.0 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored blue (dilated 0.5 (translated (-5.0) 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored grey (dilated 0.9 (translated (-4.5) 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored black (dilated 0.3 (translated (-2.5) 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored yellow (dilated 1.0 (translated 9.0 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored orange (dilated 0.2 (translated 3.0 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored (light red) (dilated 0.2 (translated 5.0 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored (light blue) (dilated 0.1 (translated 7.0 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored (light green) (dilated 0.3 (translated 9.0 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    ]
```

CSE Output

It could be rewritten like this:

```
let
  aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle = scaled 1.0 1.25 (colored grey (thickCircle 0.2 1.0))
  aTranslatedScaledColoredGreyThickCircle = translated 5.0 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle
  aTranslatedScaledColoredGreyThickCircle = translated 9.0 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle
in
  translated 0.0 (-3.0) (colored green (solidRectangle 20.0 3.0)) &
  pictures
    [ colored green (dilated 1.0 (translated (-9.0) 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored red (dilated 1.2 aTranslatedScaledColoredGreyThickCircle)
    , colored blue (dilated 0.5 (translated (-5.0) 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored grey (dilated 0.9 (translated (-4.5) 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored black (dilated 0.3 (translated (-2.5) 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored yellow (dilated 1.0 aTranslatedScaledColoredGreyThickCircle)
    , colored orange (dilated 0.2 (translated 3.0 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored (light red) (dilated 0.2 aTranslatedScaledColoredGreyThickCircle)
    , colored (light blue) (dilated 0.1 (translated 7.0 0.0 aScaledColoredGreyThickCircle))
    , colored (light green) (dilated 0.3 aTranslatedScaledColoredGreyThickCircle)
    ]
```

Summary

Mostly worked out

- Test format
- Handling animations

Points to work on

- Fine-tuning the sampling
- Sorting out false positives
- CSE output