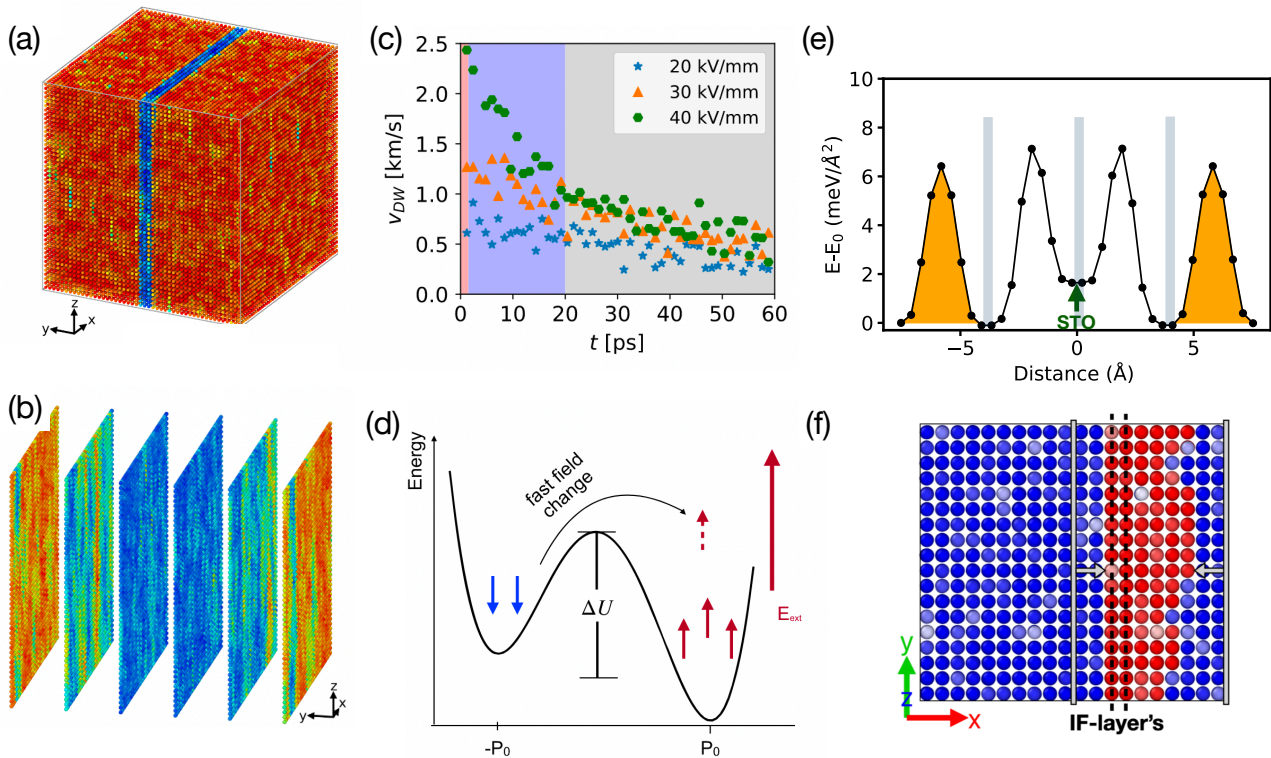




Ferroelectric domain walls revisited

Prof. Dr. Anna Grünebohm

ICAMS, Ruhr-Universität Bochum



Domain walls and phase boundaries are fundamental ingredients of ferroelectrics and govern their functional properties important for applications ranging from frequency conversion, energy harvesting, electrocaloric cooling and piezoelectric actuation to data storage. Although both interfaces have been studied for decades, often only a phenomenological macroscopic understanding has been established and recent studies reveal unexpected microscopic properties [1].

We revisit the field-induced domain wall motion in $(\text{Sr,Ba})\text{TiO}_3$ with atomistic simulations and show how fast field changes may boost the wall velocity [2] and how inhomogeneities may act as pinning centers [3]. In the orthorhombic phase, local non-180 switching of dipoles on the traveling walls results in transient local Bloch type walls and dipole vortices. [4]

[1] A. Grünebohm et al. J. Phys. Cond. Matter 34, 073002 (2022).

[2] R. Khachatryan et al., Phys. Stat. Solidi RRL 16, 2200038 (2022).

[3] A. Dimou et al., Phys. Rev. B 106, 094104 (2022).

[4] R. Khachatryan et al. arXiv:2310.12028 (2023)