

MOTIVATION

• Investigation of internal vibrational energy redistribution (IVR) of long alkyl chains on different substrates (e.g. glass vs. gold)





RESULTS





ODT UDT

Pump-Probe-Delay [ps]

• The NR background is predominant on transition metal surfaces, since the d-electrons are easily excited by the upconversion pulse of SF photon

• NR signal hampers pump-probe experiments



THEORY

Sum-Frequency-Generation

• Induced second order polarization: $P \propto \chi^{(1)} \cdot E + \chi^{(2)} : E_1 E_2 + \mathcal{O}\left(\chi^{(3)}\right)$

• Interface selective (SF signal cancels in centro-symmetric media)





Non Resonant Suppression

- Substrat polarization is non resonant and exhibits a time profile (P_{NR}) equal to the I_{ir}
- SFG of solely resonant signal is possible by delaying the I_{vis} with respect to I_{ir}
- Time asymmetric shape of I_{vis} is created by a Fabry-Pérot Etalon



🍯 🐽 🗸 <u>0.9</u> Sig 0.8

d pumped r pumped



Similiar time constants for energy redistribution from the CH-stretching to deformation modes for CaAra, ODT and UDT

-50

Signal increase in r_{fr} mode at time zero for ODT/UDT

OUTLOOK

0.9

0.7

-50

Sigr

Q

• Influence of gold thickness on dynamics? a) 83 nm Au + 40 nm Fe on MgO

Pump-Probe-Delay [ps]

EXPERIMENTAL SETUP

Laser Specifications^[1]

• SHG / Fabry Pérot Etlaon: 8.6 cm^{-1} 512 nm **2 kHz** 3 mW (no effect on spectral resolution wanted)

• PG711 DFG (IR Pump / Ekspla): **1 kHz** 20 ps 5 cm^{-1} 1.3 μm (150 mW) - 3.4μm (100 mW) $3.4 \ \mu m$ (100 mW) - 19.5 μm (0.2 μW)

- fs-OPA (IR Probe / Light Conversion): **2 kHz** 300 fs 200 cm^{-1} 1.5 μm (100 mW) - 16 μm (6 mW)
- Pharos (Pump Laser / Light Conversion): 1024 nm **2 kHz** 6 W 300 fs



b) 200 nm Au on glass c) 423 nm Au on sapphire

• d⁻ pumped: c) exhibits very different dynamics in comparison to a) and b)

• r⁻ pumped: all three substrates result in different dynamics



[1] Lackner, M.; Hille, M.; Hasselbrink, E. Vibrational Energy Redistribution between CH Stretching Modes in Alkyl Chain Monolayers Revealed by Time-Resolved Two-Color Pump–Probe Sum Frequency Spectroscopy. J Phys Chem Lett 2019, 11 (1), 108–112. [2] Ye, S., Sato, Y., & Uosaki, K. (1997). Redox-induced orientation change of a self-assembled monolayer of 11-ferrocenyl-1-undecanethiol on a gold electrode studied by in situ FT-IRRAS. Langmuir, 13(12), 3157-3161