

ALGEBRAIC NUMBER THEORY II

**Problem Set 7**

Due date: 7/6/2016

**Exercise 1.** Let  $G$  be a finite group and  $A$  a  $G$ -module.

i) Show that  $\text{Ord}(G) \cdot H_T^q(G, A) = 0$  for all  $q \in \mathbb{Z}$ .

*Hint: Use dimension shift.*

ii) Show that if the multiplication map

$$A \rightarrow A, \quad a \mapsto \text{Ord}(G)a$$

is an isomorphism, then  $H_T^q(G, A) = 0$ .

**Exercise 2.** Prove that  $H^2(G, \mathbb{Z}) = G^\vee$ .

*Hint: Consider the exact sequence  $0 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow 0$  and apply the previous exercise.*

**Exercise 3.** Let  $G$  be a finite group and  $A$  a finite abelian group of order coprime to the order of  $G$ . Prove that any extension

$$1 \rightarrow A \rightarrow E \rightarrow G \rightarrow 1$$

is split.

*Hint: Use Exercise 1 and Exercise 2 of PS6.*

*Remark: More generally, the Theorem of Schur and Zassenhaus says that the condition that  $A$  be abelian can be dropped.*

**Exercise 4.** Let  $m \geq 1$  be an integer, and let  $k$  be a field whose characteristic is coprime to  $m$ . Let  $\bar{k}$  be a separable closure of  $k$ , and let  $G = \text{Gal}(\bar{k}/k)$ . Denote by  $\mu_m \subseteq \bar{k}^\times$  the subgroup of  $m$ -th roots of unity.

i) Show that  $k^\times / (k^\times)^m \simeq H^1(G, \mu_m)$ .

ii) Assume that  $\mu_m \subseteq k^\times$ , so that the first part yields an isomorphism

$$\psi: k^\times / (k^\times)^m \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Hom}(G, \mu_m).$$

Prove that the maps

$$k' \mapsto \psi^{-1}(\text{Hom}(\text{Gal}(k'/k), \mu_m)),$$

$$B \mapsto k(\sqrt[m]{b}; b \in B)$$

define a bijection between the finite abelian extensions  $k'/k$  inside  $\bar{k}$  whose Galois group is annihilated by  $m$  and finite subgroups of  $k^\times / (k^\times)^m$ .